Department of Commercial Tax Government of Jharkhand

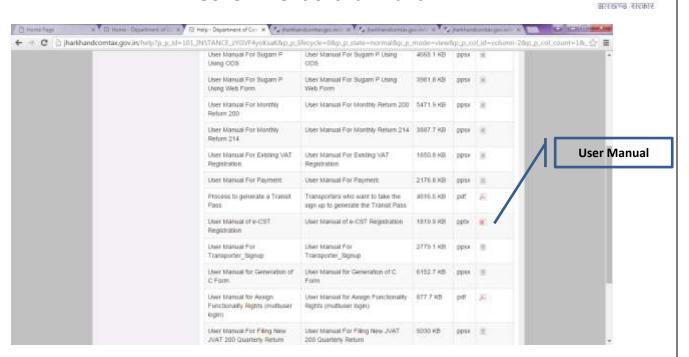


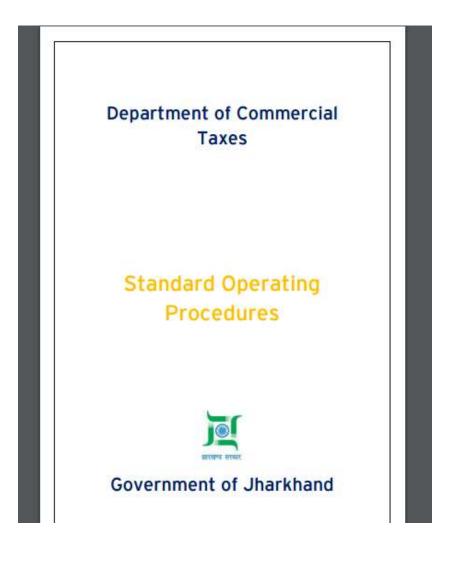
DIPP Point No. 217

Question	Remarks			
8e. Registration for Central Sales Tax (CST)	User Manual as well as Standard Operating			
	Procedures available			
Q: Ensure information on the procedure and a				
comprehensive list of all documents that need to be				
provided are available on the web site				
URL:				
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+ Dealer Search	Name	Description	Size	Туре	Download	
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Canceled e-HoadPermit Data Exchange New Chickpost Ltif	User Manual For Digital Signature -Security Settings	User Manual For Digital Signature -Security Settings	243 1 KB	pat	æ	
P. NEW CONTRACTOR	User Manual for e-Registration	User Manual for a Regulation	2795.1 (2)	ppix	*	
	User Manual for Payment	User Manual for Payment	437.1 KB	pat	8	Standard
	User Manual Of Professional Tax Account Mapping	User Manual Of Professional Tax Account Mapping	2963 3 KB	pæ	8	Operating
	BOP_VAT	BOP_VAT	1345.8 KB	207	#	Procedure
	SOP_CET	SOP_CST	487.5 KB	pdf	10	
	SOP_P1	SOP_PT	677.8 HB	pdf	20	
	SOP_Lionuty Tax	SOP_Luxury Tax	1487 KB	ptt	8	
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	Commodity Correction Process	Commodity Correction Process	.989.6 KB	pdf	F.	

Department of Commercial Tax Government of Jharkhand





Department of Commercial Tax Government of Jharkhand



		rating Procedure =A5-IS		
	of Service	Central Sales Tax		
Sub-services: Sub-service: Registration				
Sub-service: negosiration				
Previous Approval:		Basis for appro	eat the second	
Steps	Verification		Timelines	Contact Person
Visit link eseva jharkhandcomtax.gov.in and Complete the Sign-Up Process Using "New User Sign- Up Link"	Sms and Email			Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Login with created User- ID/Password			142	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Under E-Services, click on E- Registration			140	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Select Form type as 'CST Registration' and Click on 'Next'			6 %	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Fill in the required details followed by payment (optional)	v	Basic details Branch details Activity details Bank details Commodity details	023	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Click on 'submit'; Acknowledgement number is generated.			1943	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500
Select the "Category" and "Sub Category" of the document to be uploaded and upload the relevant file		Identification Proof * 1.Proprietorship: Pan Cantl Vote's ID/ Driving License 2.Partnership: Pan Cant of Firm Pan Card of the partner who is applying for registration/ Driving License. 2.Prinza Public Ltb. Co. PAN Card of company/ PAN cantl Driving license / Vote's ID of principal officer or CED vite's is applying for registration. II. Proof of Business: -* (1) If place of business is in his own name then related paper.	l.	Helpdesk 0651- 6600500

SUPPORTING DOCUMENT

Department of Commercial Taxes

Standard Operating Procedures



Government of Jharkhand

Standard Operating Procedure –AS-IS

Name of Service <u>Central Sales Tax</u>

Sub services:

Sub-service: Registration

Previous Approval:	Basis for approval			
Steps	Verification	Documents/Information needed	Timelines	Contact Person
Visit link eseva.jharkhandcomtax.gov.in and Complete the Sign-Up Process Using "New User Sign- Up Link"	Sms and Email		-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Login with created User- ID/Password			-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Under E-Services, click on E- Registration			-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Select Form type as 'CST Registration' and Click on 'Next'			-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Fill in the required details followed by payment (optional)		 Basic details Branch details Activity details Bank details Commodity details 	-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Click on 'submit'; Acknowledgement number is generated.			-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
Select the 'Category' and 'Sub Category' of the document to be uploaded and upload the relevant file		Identification Proof * 1.Proprietorship: Pan Card/ Voter's ID/ Driving License 2.Partnership: Pan Card of Firm/ Pan Card of the partner who is applying for registration/ Driving License. 3.Private Public Ltd. Co. PAN Card of company/ PAN card/ Driving license / Voter's ID of principal officer or CEO who is applying for registration. II. Proof of Business: - * (1) If place of business is in his own name then related paper. (2) If place of business is	-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500

rented then Rent agreement, lease ded or Rent receipt. III. PAN Card of proprietor/ Firm/Company* IV. 2 Passport size photographs for partner/Principal Officer/ CEO in case of company.* V. Partnership deed in case of Partnership firm and in case of Private/Public Ltd co. Certificate of Incorporation and Memorandum & Articles of Association. VI. Resolution of Board of Directors, meeting regarding authorization of particular person for filing application for registration/ power of attorney. VII. Bank A/C: Updated Passbook/Bank Statement VII. Bank A/C: Updated Passbook/Bank Statement VII. Residential proof: Telephone Bil/V Electricity Billy Voter's ID/Ration Card/ Gas connection/ Passport/UID.* X. Receipt of registration fees. X.I. Import bill in case the basis for registration fees. X.II. First sale bill after import of goods for sale. XII. First sale bill after import of determination of date of liability. XIII. Proof of Security furnished, Security Bond. * These will be mandatory and required attachments, click on 'Submit and Complete Registration Process'			-		,
Firm/ Company * IV. 2 Passport size photographs proprietor/teach partner/Principal Officer/ CEO in case of company.* V. Partnership deed in case of Partnership firm and in case of Private/ Public Ltd co. Certificate of Incorporation and Memorandum & Articles of Association. VI. Resolution of Board of Directors, meeting regarding authorization of particular person for filing application for registration/ power of attorney. VII. Bank A/C: Updated Passbook / Bank Statement VIII. Residential proof: Telephone Bill/ Electricity Bill/ Voter's 10/ Ration Card/ Gas connection/ Passport/UID.* X. Receipt of registration fees. XI. Import bill in case the basis for registration is import of goods for sale. XII. First sale bill after import for determination of date of liability. XIII. Proof of Security furnished, Security Bond. * These will be mandatory					
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Click on Acknowledgement number to view acknowledgement receipt		-	Helpdesk: 0651- 6600500
The application goes to the Circle incharge of the respective circle for approval		-	Circle Incharge
Circle In charge will do the necessary check and if there is any deficiency he/she may ask for additional document online		-	Circle Incharge
Applicant will upload the document if asked by Approving Authority		-	Circle Incharge
Circle In-Charge will approve or reject the Application after doing the necessary check		-	Circle Incharge
If approved, Registration Certificate will be generated and Intimation to applicant will be sent	E-Mail and SMS intimation	-	Circle Incharge
The applicant can download the certificate online. He/She may also go to circle incharge for collecting the signed copy of the certificate		-	Circle Incharge

Note: Registration certificate is issued within five working days

Annexure ICentral Sales Tax Act, 1956Annexure IIList of circle officers

Annexure I

The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956* (Act No.74 of 1956) Received the assent of the President on 21st December, 1956

An act to formulate principles for determining when a sale or purchase of goods takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce or outside a State or in the course of import into or export from India, to provide for the levy, collection and distribution of taxes on sales of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce and to declare certain goods to be of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce and specify the restrictions and conditions to which State laws imposing taxes on the sale or purchase of such goods of special importance shall be subject.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:

CHAPTER 1 Preliminary

Sec. 1: Short title, extent and commencement

(1) This Act may be called the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956.

(2) It extends to the whole of India ¹[.....].

(3) It shall come into force on such ²date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, and different dates, may be appointed for different provisions of this Act.

Sec. 2: Definitions

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-

(a) Appropriate State means –

(i) in relation to a dealer who has one or more places of business situate in the same State, that State;

(ii) in relation to a dealer who has ³[.....] places of business situate in different States, every such State with respect to the place or places of business situate within its territory;

⁴[.....] ⁵[(aa) Business includes-

- (i) any trade, commerce or manufacture, or any adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce or manufacture, whether or not such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventure or concern is carried on with a motive to make gain or profit and whether or not any gain or profit accrues from such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventure or concern; and
- (ii) Any transaction in connection with, or incidental or ancillary to, such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventure or concern;

^{*}As amended by FINANCE ACT, 2003 (Act No.32 of 2003) w.e.f. 14.05.2003.

¹ The words 'except the State of Jammu & Kashmir' deleted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1958.

² Except Sec. 15, the Act came into force w.e.f. 5.1.57. Sec. 15 came into force w.e.f. 1.7.57.

³ The words 'one or more' omitted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁴ Explanation omitted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁵ Clause (aa) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

⁶(ab) Crossing the customs frontiers of India means crossing the limits of the area of a customs station in which imported goods or export goods are ordinarily kept before clearance by customs authorities.

Explanation -For the purposes of this clause, "customs station" and "customs authorities" shall have the same meanings as in the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962);

⁷(b) **Dealer** means any person who carries on (whether regularly or otherwise) the business of buying, selling, supplying or distributing goods, directly or indirectly, for cash, or for deferred payment, or for commission, remuneration or other valuable consideration, and includes-

(i) a local authority, a body corporate, a company, any co-operative society or other society, club, firm, Hindu undivided family or other association of persons which carries on such business;

(ii) a factor, broker, commission agent, *de/-credere* agent, or any other mercantile agent, by whatever name called, and whether of the same description as hereinbefore mentioned or not, who carries on the business of buying, selling, supplying or distributing goods belonging to any principal whether disclosed or not: and

(iii) an auctioneer who carries on the business of selling or auctioning goods belonging to any principal, whether disclosed or not and whether the offer of the intending purchaser is accepted by him or by the principal or a nominee of the principal.

Explanation 1 - Every person who acts as an agent, in any State, of a dealer residing outside that State and buys, sells, supplies or distributes, goods in the State or acts on behalf of such dealer as -

- (i) A mercantile agent as defined in the Sale of Goods Act, 1930 (3 of 1930), or
- (ii) An agent for handling of goods or documents of title relating to goods, or
- An agent for the collection or the payment of the sale price of goods or as a guarantor (iii) for such collection or payment, and every local branch or office in a State of a firm registered outside that State or a company or other body corporate, the principal office or headquarters whereof is outside that State, shall be deemed to be a dealer for the purposes of this Act.

Explanation 2 - A Government which, whether or not in the course of business, buys, sells, supplies or distributes goods, directly or otherwise, for cash or for deferred payment or for commission, remuneration or other valuable consideration, shall, except in relation to any sale, supply or distribution of surplus, unserviceable or old stores or materials or waste products or obsolete or discarded machinery or parts or accessories thereof, be deemed to be a dealer for the purposes of this Act;

- (c) Declared goods means goods declared under Section 14 to be of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce:
- (d) Goods includes all materials, articles, commodities and all other kinds of movable property, but does not include ⁸[newspapers,] actionable claims, stocks, shares and securities;
- ⁹(dd) Place of businesses includes –

(i) In any case where a dealer carries on business through an agent (by whatever name called), the place of business of such agent;

(ii) A warehouse, godown or other place where a dealer stores his goods; and

(iii) A place where a dealer keeps his books of accounts;

Clause (ab) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76. 6

⁷ Clause (b) substituted w.e.f. 7.9.76 by ibid.

⁸ Inserted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58. Q

Clause (dd) inserted w.e.f. 1.10.58 by ibid.

(e) Prescribed means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(f) Registered dealer means a dealer who is registered under Section 7;

- ¹⁰[(g) Sale, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means any transfer of property in goods by one person to another for cash or for deferred payment or for any other valuable consideration, and includes, -
- (i) A transfer, otherwise than in pursuance of a contract, of property in any goods for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration;
- (ii) A transfer of property in goods (whether as goods or in some other form,) involved in the execution of a works contract;
- (iii) A delivery of goods on hire purchase or any system of payment by instalments;
- (iv) A transfer of the right to use any goods for any purpose (whether or not for a specified period) *for* cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration;
- (v) A supply or goods by any unincorporated association or body of persons to a member thereof for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration;
- (vi) A supply, by way of, or as part or any service or in any other manner whatsoever, or goods being rood or any other article for human consumption or any drink (whether or not intoxicating) where such supply or service is For cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration; but does not include a mortgage or hypothecation of, or a charge or pledge on goods]
- (h) Sale price means the amount payable to a dealer as consideration for the sale or any goods. less any sum allowed as cash discount according to the practice normally prevailing in the trade, but inclusive or any sum charged For anything done by the dealer in respect of the goods at the time of, or before the delivery thereof other than the cost or Freight or delivery or the cost of installation in cases where such cost is separately charged;
- (i) Sales tax law means any law for the time being in Force in any State or part thereof which provides For the levy or taxes on the sale or purchase or goods generally or on any specified goods expressly mentioned in that behalf, and "general sales tax law" means the law For the time being in force in any State or part thereof which provides for the levy or tax on the sale or purchase or goods generally;

j) Turnover used in relation to any dealer liable to tax under this Act means the aggregate or the sale prices received and receivable by him in respect of sales or any goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce made during any prescribed period ¹¹[and determined in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder];

(k) Year, in relation to a dealer, means the year applicable in relation to him under the general sales tax law of the appropriate State, and where, there is no such year applicable, the financial year.

^{10.} Subs. by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002. Prior to its substitution, clause (g) read as under: (g) Sale, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means any transfer or property in goods by one person to another for cash or for deferred payment or for any other valuable consideration, and includes a transfer of goods on the hire-purchase or other system of payments by instalments, but does not include a mortgage or hypothecation of or a charge or pledge on goods.

¹¹ Subs. by CST (Amendment) Act. 1969 w.e.f. 5.1.57

CHAPTER II

Formulation of principles for determining when a sale or purchase of goods takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce or outside a State or in the course of import or export

Sec. 3: When is a sale or purchase of goods said to take place in the course of inter- State trade or commerce

A sale or purchase of goods shall be deemed to take place in the course of inter-State' trade or commerce if the sale or purchase -

- (a) Occasions the movement of goods from one State to another; or
- (b) Is effected by a transfer of documents of title to the goods during their movement from one State to another.

Explanation 1 -Where goods are delivered to a carrier or other bailee for transmission, the movement of the goods shall, for the purposes of clause (b), be deemed to commence at the time of such delivery and terminate at the time when delivery is taken from such carrier or bailee.

Explanation 2 -Where the movement of goods commences and terminates in the same State it shall not be deemed to be a movement of goods from one State to another by reason merely of the fact that in the course of such movement the goods pass through the territory of any other State.

Sec. 4: When is a sale or purchase of goods said to take place outside a State

(1) Subject to the provisions contained in Section 3, when a sale or purchase of goods is determined in accordance with sub-section (2) to take place inside a State, such sale or purchase shall be deemed to have taken place outside all other States.

(2) A sale or purchase of goods shall be deemed to take place inside a State if the goods are within the State -

- (a) in the case of specific or ascertained goods, at the time the contract of sale is made; and
- (b) in the case of unascertained or future goods, at the time of their appropriation to the contract of sale by the seller or by the buyer, whether assent of the other party is prior or subsequent to such appropriation.

Explanation -Where there is a single contract of sale or purchase of goods situated at more places than one, the provisions of this sub-section shall apply as if there were separate contracts in respect of the goods at each of such places.

Sec. 5: When is a sale or purchase of goods said to take place in the course of import or export

(1) A sale or purchase of goods shall be deemed to take place in the course of the export of the goods out of the territory of India only if the sale or purchase either occasions such export or is effected by a transfer of documents of title to the goods after the goods have crossed the customs frontiers of India.

(2) A sale or purchase of goods shall be deemed to take place in the course of the import of the goods into the territory of India only if the sale or purchase either occasion such import or is effected by a transfer of documents of title to the goods before the goods have crossed the customs frontiers of India.

 12 (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the last sale or purchase of any goods preceding the sale or purchase occasioning the export of those goods out of the territory of India shall also be deemed to be in the course of such export, if such last sale or purchase took place after, and was for the purpose of complying with, the agreement or order for or in relation to such export.

Relevant Rules: Rule 12 of the CST (R & T)

^{12.} Sub-section (3) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1916. w.e.f. 1.4.16.

Rules CHAPTER III Inter-State Sales Tax

Sec. 6: Liability to tax on inter-State sales

(1) Subject to the other provisions contained in this Act, every dealer shall, with effect from such ¹³ date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, not being earlier, than thirty days from the date of such notification, be liable to pay tax under this Act on all sales ¹⁴[of goods other than electrical energy] effected by him in the course of inter-State trade or commerce during any year on and from the date so notified:

¹⁵Provided that a dealer shall not be liable to pay tax under this Act on any sale of goods which, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of Section 5, is a sale in the course of export of those goods out of the territory of India.

 $^{16}(1A)$ A dealer shall be liable to pay tax under this Act on a sale of any goods effected by him in the course of inter-State trade or commerce notwithstanding that no tax would have been leviable (whether on the seller or the purchaser) under the sales tax law of the appropriate State if that sale had taken place inside that State.

¹⁷(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or sub-section (1A), where a sale of any goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce has either occasioned the movement of such goods from one State to another or has been effected by a transfer of documents of title to such goods during their movement from one State to another, any subsequent sale during such movement effected by a transfer of documents of title to such goods,-

- (A) To the Government, or
- (B) To a registered dealer other than the Government, if the goods are of the description referred to in sub-section (3) of Section 8, shall be exempt from tax under this Act:

Provided that no such subsequent sale shall be exempt from tax under this sub-section unless the dealer effecting the sale furnishes to the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner and within the prescribed time or within such further time as that authority may, for sufficient cause, permit,-

(a) a certificate duly filled and signed by the registered dealer from whom the goods were purchased containing the prescribed particulars in a prescribed form obtained from the prescribed authority; and

(b) If the subsequent sale is made-

(i) To a registered dealer, a declaration referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (4) of Section 8, or

(ii) To the Government, not being a registered dealer, a certificate referred to in clause (b) of subsection (4) of Section 8:

Provided further that it shall not be necessary to furnish the declaration or the certificate referred to in clause (b) of the preceding proviso in respect of a subsequent sale of goods if,-

- (a) The sale or purchase of such goods is, under the sales tax law of the appropriate State, exempt from tax generally or is subject to tax generally at a rate which is lower than ¹⁸[four per cent] (whether called a tax or fee or by any other name); and
- (b) The dealer effecting such subsequent sale proves to the satisfaction of the authority referred to in the preceding proviso that such sale is of the nature referred to in clause (A) or clause (B) of this sub-section.

¹³ The date 1.1.51 notified by S.R.O. No. 940-A, dt. 26.3.51.

¹⁴ Inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1912, w.e.f. 1.4.13.

¹⁵ Proviso inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1916, w.e.f. 1.4.16.

¹⁶ Sub-section (I-A) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1969 w.e.f. 5.1.51.

¹⁷ Sub-section (2) substituted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1912, w .e,f. 1.4.13.

¹⁸ Subs. for the words 'three per cent' by Finance Act, 1975, w.e.f. 1.7.75.

¹⁹(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if -

(a) Any official or personnel of -

(i) Any foreign diplomatic mission or consulate in India; or

(ii) The United Nations or any other similar international body, entitled to privileges under any convention to which India is a party or under any law for the time being in force; or

(b) any consular or diplomatic agent of any mission, the United Nations or other body referred to in sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii) of clause (a), purchases any goods for himself or for the purpose of such mission, United Nations or other body, then, the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, exempt, subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification, the tax payable on the sale of such goods under the Act.

Relevant Rules: Rule 12 of the CST (R & T) Rules

²⁰Sec. 6-A: Burden of proof, etc., in case of transfer of goods claimed otherwise than by way of sale

(1) Where any dealer claims that he is not liable to pay tax under this Act, in respect of any goods, on the ground that the movement of such goods from one State to another was occasioned by reason of transfer of such goods by him to any other place of his business or to his agent or principal, as the case may be, and not by reason of sale, the burden of proving that the movement of those goods was so occasioned shall be on that dealer and for this purpose he may furnish to the assessing authority, within the prescribed time or within such further time as that authority may, for sufficient cause, permit, a declaration, duly filled and signed by "le principal officer of the other place of business, or his agent or principal, as the case may be, containing the prescribed particulars in the prescribed form obtained from the prescribed authority, along with the evidence of despatch of such goods.²¹[and if the dealer fails to furnish such declaration, then. the movement of such goods shall be deemed for all purposes of this Act to have been occasioned as a result of sale!

(2) If the assessing authority is satisfied after making such inquiry as he may deem necessary that the particulars contained in the declaration furnished by a dealer under sub- section (1) are true, he may, at the time of, or at any time before, the assessment of the tax payable by the dealer under this Act, make an order to that effect and thereupon the movement of goods to which the declaration relates shall be deemed for the purposes of this Act to have been occasioned otherwise than as a result of sale.

Explanation -In this Section, "assessing authority", in relation to a dealer, means the authority for the lime being competent to assess the tax payable by the dealer under this Act.

Relevant Rules: Rule 12 of the CST (R & T) Rules

Sec. 7: Registration of dealers

(1) Every dealer liable to pay tax under this Act shall, within such time as may be prescribed for the purpose, make an application for registration under this Act to such authority in the appropriate State as the Central Government may. by general or special order, specify, and every such application shall contain such particulars as may be prescribed.

 $^{22}(2)$ Any dealer liable to pay tax under the sales tax law of the appropriate State, or where there is no such law in force in the appropriate State or any part thereof, any dealer having a place of business in that State or part, as the case may be, may. notwithstanding that he is not liable' to pay tax under this Act, apply for registration under this Act to the authority referred to in sub-section (I). and every such application shall contain such particulars as may be prescribed.

¹⁹ Sub-section (3) substituted by Finance Act. 2003, w.e.f. 14.05.2003.

²⁰ Sec. 6-A has been inserted by CST (Amen£1"lent) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73

²¹ Inserted by Finance Acl2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

²² Sub-section (2) substituted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958 w.e.f. 1.10.58.

Explanation -For the purposes of this sub-section, a dealer shall be deemed to be liable to pay tax under the sales tax law of the appropriate State notwithstanding that under such law a sale or purchase made by him is exempt from tax or a refund or rebate of tax is admissible in respect thereof.

 $^{23}(2A)$ Where it appears necessary to authority to whom an application is made under sub- section (I) or sub-section (2) so to do for the proper realisation of the tax payable tinder this Act or for the proper custody and use of the forms referred to in clause (a) of the first proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 6 or sub-section (1) of Section 6A or clause (a) of sub-section (4) of Section 8, he may, by an order in writing and for reasons to be recorded therein, impose as a condition for the issue of a certificate of registration a requirement that the dealer shall furnish in the prescribed manner and within such time as may be specified in the order such security as may be so specified, for all or any of the aforesaid purposes.

(3) If the authority to whom an application under sub-section (I) or sub-section (2) is made is satisfied that the application is in conformity with the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder ²⁴[and the condition. if any. imposed under sub-section (2A), has been complied with) he shall register the applicant and grant to him a certificate of registration in the prescribed form which shall specify the class or classes of goods for the purposes of sub-section (1) of Section 8.

 25 (3A) Where it appears necessary to the authority granting a certificate of registration under this Section so to do for the proper realisation of tax payable under this act or for the proper custody and use of the forms referred to in sub-section (2A), he may, at any time while such certificate is in force, by an order in writing and for reasons to be recorded therein, require the dealer, to whom the certificate has been granted, to furnish within such time as may be specified in the order and in the prescribed manner such security, or, if the dealer has already furnished any security in pursuance of an order under this subsection or sub-section (2A), such additional security, as may be specified in the order, for all or any of the aforesaid purposes.

 $^{26}(3B)$ No dealer shall be required to furnish any security under sub-section (2A) or any security or additional security under sub-section (3A) unless he has been given an opportunity of being heard.

 27 (**3BB**) The amount of security which a dealer may be required to furnish under sub- section (2A) or subsection (3A) or the aggregate of the amount of such security and the amount of additional security which he may be required to furnish under sub-section (3A), by the authority referred to therein, shall not exceed-

(a) In the case of a dealer other than a dealer who has made an application, or who has been registered in pursuance of an application, under sub-section (2), a sum equal to the tax payable under this Act, in accordance with the estimate of such authority, on the turnover of such dealer for the year in which such security or, as the case may be, additional security is required to be furnished; and

(b) In the case of a dealer who has made an application or who has been registered in pursuance of an application under sub-section (2), a sum equal to the tax leviable under this Act. in accordance with the estimate of such authority on the sales to such dealer in the course of inter-State trade or commerce in the year in which such security or, as the case may be, additional security is required to be furnished, had such dealer been not registered under this Act.

 $^{28}(3C)$ Where the security furnished by a dealer under sub-section (2A) or sub-section (3A) is in the form of a surety bond and the surety becomes insolvent or dies, the dealer shall, within thirty days of the occurrence of any of the aforesaid events, inform the authority granting the certificate of registration and shall within ninety days of such occurrence furnish a fresh surety bond or furnish in the prescribed manner other security for the amount of the bond.

²³ Sub-section (2A) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

²⁴ Inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

²⁵ Sub-section (3A) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73:

²⁶ Sub-section (38) substituted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

²⁷ Sub-section (388) inserted w.e.f. 7.9.76 by ibid

²⁸ Sub-section (3C) to (3]) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73

(3D) The authority granting the certificate of registration may by order and for good and sufficient cause forfeit the whole or any part of the security furnished by a dealer,-

(a) For realising any amount of tax or penalty payable by the dealer;

(b) If the dealer is found to have misused any of the forms referred to in sub-section (2A) or to have failed to keep them in proper custody:

Provided that no order shall be passed under this sub-section without giving the dealer an opportunity of being heard.

(3E) Where by reason of an order under sub-section (3D), the security furnished by any dealer is rendered insufficient, he shall make up the deficiency in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

(**3F**) The authority issuing the forms referred to in sub-section (2A) may refuse to issue such forms to a dealer who has failed to comply with an order under that sub-section or sub-section (3A), or with the provisions of sub-section (3C) or sub-section (3E), until the dealer has complied with such order or such provisions, as the case may be.

(3G) The authority granting a certificate of registration may, on application by the dealer to whom it has been granted, order the refund of any amount or part thereof deposited by the dealer by way of security under this Section, if it is not required for the purposes of this Act.

(3H) Any person aggrieved by an order passed under sub-section (2A), sub-section (3A), sub-section (3D) or sub-section (3G) may, within thirty days of the service of the order on him, but after furnishing the security, prefer, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, an appeal against such order to such authority (hereafter in this Section referred to as the "appellate authority"), as may be prescribed:

Provided that the appellate authority may, for sufficient cause, permit such person to present the appeal,-

(a) After the expiry of the said period of thirty days; or

(b) Without furnishing the whole or any part of such security.

(3I) The procedure to be followed in hearing any appeal under sub-section (3H), and the fees payable in respect of such appeals shall be such as may be prescribed.

(3J) The order passed by the appellate authority in any appeal under sub-section (3H) shall be final.

²⁹(4) A certificate of registration granted under this Section may-

(a) either on the application of the dealer to whom it has been granted, or where no such application has been made, after due notice to the dealer, be amended by the authority granting it if he is satisfied that by reason of the registered dealer having changed the name, place or nature of his business or the class or classes of goods in which he carries on business or for any other reason the certificate of registration granted to him requires to be amended; or

(b) be cancelled by the authority granting it where he is satisfied, after due notice to the dealer to whom it has been granted, that he has ceased to carry on business 30 [or has ceased to exist or has failed without sufficient cause, to comply with an order under sub- section (3A) or with the provisions of sub-section (3C) or sub-section (3E) or has failed to pay any tax or penalty payable under this Act], or in the case of a dealer registered under sub-section (2) has ceased to be liable to pay tax under the sales tax law of the appropriate State or for any other sufficient reason.

(5) A registered dealer may apply in the prescribed manner not later than six months before the end of a year to the authority which granted his certificate of registration for the cancellation of such registration, and the authority shall, unless the dealer is liable to pay tax under this Act, cancel the registration accordingly, and where he does so, the cancellation shall take effect from the end of the year.

Relevant Rules: Rule 3 to 10 of the CST (R & T) Rules and Rules 5-B & 5-C of the

²⁹ Sub-section (4) substituted by CST (Second Amendment) All. 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

³⁰ Subs. for 'or has ceased to exist' by CST (Amendment) Act, 1912, w.e.f. 1.4.13.

Chhattisgarh Sales Tax (Central) Rules.

Sec. 8: Rates of tax on sales in the course of inter-State trade or commerce

³¹(1) Every dealer, who in the course of inter-State trade or commerce-

- (a) Sells to the Government any goods; or
- (b) Sells to a registered dealer other than the Government goods of the description referred to in subsection (3);

³²[shall be liable to pay tax under this Act, with effect from such date as may be notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette for this purpose, which shall be two per cent of his turnover or at the rate applicable to the sale or purchases of such goods inside the appropriate State under the sales tax law of that State. or, as the case may be, under any enactment of that State imposing value added tax, whichever is lower:

Provided that the rate of tax payable under this sub-section by a dealer shall continue to be four per cent of his turnover, until the rate of two percent takes effect under this sub-section.]

(2) The tax payable by any dealer on his turnover in so far as the turnover or any part thereof relates to the sale of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce not falling within sub-section $\{1\}$ -,

- (a) In the case of declared goods, shall be calculated ³³[at twice the rate] applicable to the sale or purchase of such goods inside the appropriate State ³⁴[.....]
- (b) In the case of goods other than declared goods, shall be calculated at the rate of ³⁵[ten per cent] or at the rate applicable to the sale or purchase of such goods inside the appropriate State [whichever is higher; ³⁶and]
- ³⁷[(c) in case of goods, the sale or, as the case may be, the purchase of which. under the sales tax law of the appropriate State. exempt from tax generally shall be nil,

and for the purpose of making any such calculation under clause (a) or clause (b), any such dealer shall be deemed to be a dealer liable to pay tax under the sales tax law of the appropriate State, notwithstanding that he, in fact, may not be so liable under that law.

Explanation -For the purposes of this sub-section a sale or purchase of any goods shall not be deemed to be exempt from tax generally under the sales tax law of the appropriate State if under that law the sale or purchase of such goods is exempt only in specified circumstances or under specified conditions or the tax is levied on the sale or purchase of such goods at specified stages or otherwise than with reference to the turnover of the goods.]

³¹ Sub-section (1) to (4) substituted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

³² Substituted by Finance Act, 2003 w.e.f. 14.05.2003. Prior to substitution, it read as under:- "shall be liable to ay tax under this Act, which shall be *[four per cent] of his turnover *[or at the rate applicable to the sale or purchase of such goods inside the appropriate State under the sales tax law of that State, whichever is lower" * Subs. for 'three per cent.' by Finance Act, 1975, w.e.f. 1.7.75.

^{**} Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

³³ Subs; for the words 'at the rate' w.e.f. 1.7.75 by ibid.

³⁴ the word "and" omitted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

³⁵ Subs. for the words 'seven per cent' by CST (Amendment) Act, 1963, w.e.f. 1.4.63.

³⁶ Words in bracket substituted for the words" whichever is higher" by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f.11-5-2002

³⁷ subs. by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

³⁸[(2A) -----]

(3) The goods referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) –

³⁹(a) [1-----]

- (b) ⁴⁰[------] are goods of the class or classes specified in the certificate of registration of the registered dealer purchasing the goods as being intended for resale by him or subject 10 any rules made by the Central Government in this behalf, for use by him in the manufacture or processing of goods for sale ⁴¹[or in the telecommunications network] or in mining or in the generation or distribution of electricity or any other form of power:
- (c) Are containers or other materials specified in the certificate of registration of the registered dealer purchasing the goods, being containers or materials intended for being used for the packing of goods for sale?
- (d) are containers or other materials used for the packing of any foods or classes of goods specified in the certificate of registration referred to in ⁴²[-----] clause (b) or for the packing of any containers or other materials specified in the certificate of registration referred to in clause (c).

(4) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to any sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce unless the dealer selling the goods furnishes to the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner

- (a) A declaration duly filled and signed by the registered dealer to whom the goods are sold containing the prescribed particulars in a prescribed form obtained from the prescribed authority: or
- (b) If the goods are sold to the Government, not being a registered dealer, a certificate in the prescribed form duly filled and signed by a duly authorised officer of the Government.

⁴³Provided that the declaration referred to in clause (a) is furnished within the prescribed time or within such further time as that authority may, for sufficient cause, permit.

⁴⁴(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section, the State Government may.

⁴⁵[on the fulfilment. of the requirement laid down in sub-section (4) by the dealer] if it is satisfied that it is necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification in the Official Gazette, and subject to such conditions as may be specified therein. direct.-

(a) That no tax under this Act shall be payable by any dealer having his place of business in the State in respect of the sales by him, in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, ⁴⁶[to a registered dealer or the Government] from any such place of business of any such goods or classes of goods as may be specified in the notification, or that the tax on such sales shall be calculated at such lower rates than those specified in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) as may be mentioned in the notification;

³⁸ omitted by Finance Act 2002 *w.er* 11-5-2002

³⁹ Clause (a) omitted CST (Amendment) Act, 1963, w.e.f. 1.4.63.

⁴⁰ The words 'in the case of goods other than declared goods' omitted w.e.f 41 Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

⁴² The words 'clause (a) or omitted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1963. w.e.f 43 Proviso inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.13.

⁴⁴ Sub-section (5) substituted w.e.f. 1.4.13 by ibid.

<sup>Inserted by finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002
Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002</sup>

⁴⁰ Thiselled by Finance Act 2002 w.e.t. 11-5-2002

(b) That in respect of all sales of goods or sales of such classes of goods as may be specified in the notification, which are made. in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, 4^{7} [to a registered dealer or the Government] by any dealer having his place of business in the State or by any class of such dealers as may be specified in tile notification to any person or to such class of persons as may be specified in the notification, no tax under this Act shall be payable or the tax on such sales shall be calculated at such lower rates than those specified in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) as may be mentioned in the notification.

⁴⁸[(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section. no tax under this Act shall be payable by any dealer in respect of sale of any goods made by such dealer in the' course' of inter-State trade or commerce to a registered dealer for the purpose' of manufacture. production. processing, assembling, repairing, Reconditioning, reengineering, packaging or for use as trading or packing material or packing accessories in an unite located in any special economic zone. if such registered dealer has been authorized to establish such unit by the authority specified by the Central Government in this behalf.

(7) The goods referred to in sub-section (6) shall be the goods of such clause or clauses of goods as specified in the certificate of registration of the registered dealer referred to in that sub-section.

(8) The provisions of sub-sections (6) and (7) shall not apply to any sale of goods made in the course of inter-State trade or commerce unless the dealer selling such good, furnished to the authority referred to in sub-section (6) a declaration in the prescribed manner in the prescribed form obtained from the authority referred to in sub-section (5), duly filled in and signed by the registered dealer to whom such goods are sold.

Explanation. For the purposes of sub-section (6), the expression 'special economic zone' has the meaning assigned to it in clause (iii) to Explanation 2 to the proviso to section 3 of the Central Excise Act 1944] **Relevant Rules: Rule 12 & 13 of the CST (R&T) Rules.**

⁴⁹Sec. 8-A: Determination of turnover

(1) In, determining the turnover of a dealer for the purposes of this Act, the following deductions shall be made from the aggregate of the sale prices, namely:

(a) The amount arrived at by applying the following formula:

Rate of tax x aggregate of sale prices

100 plus rate of tax

Provided that no deduction on the basis of the above formula shall be made if the amount by way of tax collected by a registered dealer, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, has been otherwise deducted from the aggregate of sale prices.

Explanation - Where the turnover of a dealer is taxable at different rates, the aforesaid formula shall be applied separately in respect of each part of the turnover liable to a different rate of tax;

(b) The sale price of all goods returned to the dealer by the purchasers of such goods.-

(i) Within a period of three months from the date of delivery of the goods, in the case of goods returned before the 14th day or May, 1966;

(ii) Within a period of six months from the date of delivery of the goods, in the case of goods returned on or after the 14th day of May 1966:

Provided that satisfactory evidence of such return of goods and of refund or adjustment in accounts of the sale price thereof is produced before the authority competent to assess or, as the case may be, re-assess the tax payable by the dealer under this Act; and

(c) Such other deductions as the Central Government may have regard to the prevalent market conditions, facility of trade and interests of consumers prescribe.

(2) Save as otherwise provided in sub-section (1), in determining the turnover of a dealer for the purposes of this Act. no deduction shall be made from the aggregate of the sale prices.

⁴⁷ Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

⁴⁸ Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

⁴⁹ Section 8-A inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1969 w.e.f. 5.1.57

⁵⁰Sec. 9: Levy and collection of tax and penalties

(1) The tax payable by any dealer under this Act on sales of goods effected by him in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, whether such sales fall within clause (a) or clause (b) of Section 3. shall be levied by the Government of India and the tax so levied shall be collected by that Government in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2), in the State from which the movement of the goods commenced :

⁵¹Provided that, in the case of a sale of goods during their movement from one State to another, being a sale subsequent to the first sale in respect of the same goods and being also a sale which does not fall within sub-section (2) of Section 6, the tax shall be levied and collected -

- (a) Where such subsequent sale has been effected by a registered dealer, in the State from which the registered dealer obtained or, as the case may be, could have obtained, the form prescribed for the purposes of clause (a) of sub-section (4) of Section 8 in connection with the purchase of such goods, and
- (b) Where such subsequent sale has been effected by an un-registered dealer, in the State from which such subsequent sale has been effected.

(2) Subject to the other provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the authorities for the time being empowered to assess, reassess, collect and enforce payment of any tax under the general sales tax law of the appropriate State shall, on behalf of the Government of India. assess, reassess, collect and enforce payment of tax, including any ⁵²[interest or penalty], payable by a dealer under this Act as if the tax or [interest or penalty] payable by such a dealer under this Act is a tax or [interest or penalty] payable under the general sales tax law of the State; and for this purpose they may exercise all or any of the powers they have under the general sales tax law of the State; and the provisions of such law, including provisions relating to returns, provisional assessment, advance payment of tax, registration of the transferee of any business, imposition of the tax liability of a person carrying on business on the transferee of. or successor to, such business, transfer of liability of any firm or Hindu undivided family to pay tax in the event of the dissolution of such firm or partition of such family, recovery of tax from third parties, appeals, revisions references ⁵³[refunds, rebates, penalties,] ⁵⁴[charging or payment of interest] compounding of offences and treatment of documents furnished by a dealer as confidential, shall apply accordingly:

Provided that if in any State or part thereof there is no general sales tax law in force, the Central Government may, by rules made in this behalf make necessary provision for all or any of the matters specified in this sub-section.

⁵⁵ (2A) All the ⁵⁶[provisions relating to offences, interest and penalties) (including provisions relating to penalties in lieu of prosecution for an offence or in addition to the penalties or punishment for an offence but excluding the provisions relating to matters provided for in Sections 10 and 10A) of the general sales tax law of each State shall, with necessary modifications. apply in relation to the assessment, reassessment, collection and the enforcement of payment of any tax required to be collected under this Act in such State or in relation to any process, connected with such assessment, re-assessment, collection or enforcement of payment as if the tax under this Act were a tax under such sales tax law.

⁵⁰ Section 9 substituted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1969 w.e.f. 5.1.57.

⁵¹ Proviso to sub-section (1) substituted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

⁵² The word 'penalty' wherever occurred in sub-section (2) Substituted by the words 'interest or penalty' by Finance Act. 2000.

⁵³ Subs. for 'refunds, penalties, by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972., w.e.r. 1.4.73.

⁵⁴ Inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1976, w.e.f. 5.1.57.

⁵⁵ Sub-section (2A) inserted w.e.f. 7.9.76 by ibid.

⁵⁶ Subs. for the words 'provisions relating to offences and penalties' by Finance Act. 2000.

⁵⁷(2B) If the tax payable by any dealer under this Act is not paid in time, the dealer shall be liable to pay interest for delayed payment of such tax and all the provisions for delayed payment of such tax and all the provisions relating to due date for payment of tax, rate of interest for delayed payment of tax and assessment and collection of interest for delayed payment of tax, of the general sales tax law of each State, shall apply in relation to due date for payment of tax, rate or interest for delayed payment of tax, and assessment and collection of interest for delayed payment of tax under this Act in such States as if the tax and the interest payable under this Act were a tax and an interest under such sales tax law.

(3) The proceeds in ally financial year of any tax. ⁵⁸[including any interest or penalty], levied and collected under this Act in any State (other than a Union territory) on behalf of the Government of India shall be assigned to that State and shall be retained by it; and the proceeds attributable to Union territories shall form part of the Consolidated Fund of India.

Relevant Rules: Rule 7 - A & 7 - B of the Chhattisgarh Sales Tax (Central) Rules.

<u>Notes:-</u> Amendments in Section 9 of the CST Act, by clause 120 of the Finance Act. 2000 areas under:

120. Validation: (1) the provision of Section 9 of the Central Sales Tax Act. 1956 (hereafter in this Section referred to as the Central Sales Tax Act, shall have effect, and shall be deemed always to have had effect, as if that Section also provided :

(a) that all the provisions relating to interest of the general .sates lax taw of each State shall, with necessary modifications, apply in relation to:

(i) The assessment, re-assessment, collection and enforcement of payment of any tax required to be collected under the Central Sales Tax Act, in such State: and

(ii) Any process connected with such assessment, re-assessment, collection or enforcement of payment: and

(b) That for the purposes of the application of the provisions of such law, the tax under the Central Sales Tax Act shall be deemed to be tax under such law.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgement, decree or order of any court, tribunal or other authority, general sales tax law of any State imposing or purporting to have been imposed in pursuance of the provisions of Section 9 of the Central Sales Tax Act, and all proceedings, acts or things taken or done for the purposes of, or in relation to, the imposition or collection of such interest, before the commencement of this Section, shall, for all purposes, be deemed to be and to have always been imposed, taken or done as validity & effectively as if the provisions of sub-section (1) had been in force when such interest was imposed or proceedings or acts or things were taken or done and, accordingly,-

(a) No suit or other proceedings shall be maintained or continued in, or before, any court, tribunal or other authority for the refund of any amount received or realised by way of such interest;

(b) No court, tribunal or other authority shall enforce any decree or order directing the refund of any amount received or realised by way of such interest;

(c) where any amount which had been received or realised by way of such interest is refunded before the date on which the Finance Act, 2000 receives the assent of the President and such refund would not have been allowed if the provisions of sub-Section (1) had been in force on the date on which the order for such refund was passed, the amount so refunded may be recovered as an arrear of tax under the Central Sales Tax Act;

(d) Any proceeding, act or thing which could have been validly taken, continued or done for the imposition or collection of such interest at any time before the commencement of this Section if the provisions of subsection (1) had then been in force but which had not been taken, continued or done, may, after such commencement, be taken, continued or done.

58 Subs. for the words 'including any penalty' by Finance Act, 2000.

⁵⁷ Sub-section (28) inserted by Finance Act, 2000.

(3) Nothing in sub-section (2) shall be construed as preventing any person:

(a) From questioning the imposition or collection of any interest or any proceedings, act or thing in connection therewith; or

(b) From claiming any refund.

in accordance with the provisions of the Central Sales Tax Act, read with sub-section (1),

Explanation - For the purposes of this Section, 'general sales lax law' shall have the same meaning assigned to it in the Central Sales Tax Act.

⁵⁹Sec. 9-A: Collection of tax to be only by registered dealers

No person who is not a registered dealer shall collect in respect of any sale by him of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce any amount by way of tax under this Act, and no registered dealer shall make any such collection .except in accordance with this Act and the rules made thereunder.

⁶⁰Sec. 9-8: Rounding off of tax, etc.

The amount of tax, interest, Penalty, fine or any other sum payable, and the amount of refund due, under the provisions of this Act shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee and. for this purpose, where such amount contains a part of a rupee consisting of paise, then, if such part is fifty paise or more, it shall be increased to one rupee and if such part is less than fifty paise, it shall be ignored:

Provided that nothing in this Section shall apply for the purpose of collection by a dealer of any amount by way of tax under this Act in respect of any sale by him of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.

Sec. 10: Penalties

If any person -

 61 (a) Furnishes a certificate or declaration under sub-section (2) of Section 6 or sub-section (1) of Section 6A or sub-section (4) 62 [or sub-section (8)] of Section 8, which he knows, or has reason to believe, to be false; or

(aa) Fails to get him registered as required by Section 7, or fails to comply with an order under sub-section (3A) or with the requirements of sub-section (3C) or sub-section (3E), of that Section;

(b) Being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing any class of goods that goods of such class are covered by his certificate of registration; or

(c) not being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce that he is a registered dealer; or

(d) After purchasing any goods for any of the purposes specified in 63 [clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d)] of sub-section (3) 64 [or sub-section (6) I of Section 8 fails. without reasonable excuse. to make use of the goods for any such purpose;

(e) Has in his possession any form prescribed for the purpose of sub-section (4) 65 [or sub-section (8) I of Section 8 which has not been obtained by him or by his principal or by his agent in accordance with the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder;

⁵⁹ Section 9-A inserted by CST (Second Amendment) Act. 1958. w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁶⁰ Section 9-8 inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁶¹ Clause (a) substituted and clause (aa) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁶² Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

⁶³ Subs. for the words 'clause (b)' w.e.f. 1.4.73 by ibid.

⁶⁴ Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.el. 11-5-2002

⁶⁵ Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f.11-5-2002

⁶⁶(f) collects any amount by way of tax in contravention of the provisions contained in Section 9A;

He shall be punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both; and when the offence is a continuing offence, with a daily fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues.

⁶⁷Sec. 10-A: Imposition of penalty in lieu of prosecution

 68 (1) If any person purchasing goods is guilty of an offence under clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d) of Section 10, the authority who granted to him or, as the case may be, is competent to grant to him a certificate of registration under this Act, may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, by order in writing. impose upon him by way of penalty a sum not exceeding one-and-a-half times 69 [the tax which would have been levied under sub-section (2) of Section 8 in respect of the sale to him of the goods. if the sale had been a sale falling within that sub-section] :

Provided that no prosecution for an offence under Section 10 shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penalty has been imposed under this Section.

(2) The penalty imposed upon any dealer under sub-section (1) shall be collected by the Government of India in the manner provided in sub-section (2) of Section 9

- (a) In the case of an offence falling under clause (b) or clause (d) of Section 10, in the State in which the person purchasing the goods obtained the form prescribed for the purposes of clause (a) of sub-section (4) of Section 8 in connection with the purchase of such goods;
- (b) In the case of an offence falling under clause (c) of Section 10, in the State in which the person purchasing the goods should have registered himself if the offence had not been committed.

Sec. 11: Cognizance of offences

(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder except with the previous sanction of the Government within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the offence has been committed or of such officer of that Government as it may, by general or special order, specify in this behalf, and no court inferior to that of a presidency magistrate or a magistrate of the first class shall try any such offence.

(2) All offences punishable under this Act shall be cognizable and bailable.

Sec. 12: Indemnity

No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any officer of Government for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

Sec. 13: Power to make rules

(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules providing for-

(a) The manner in which applications for registration may be made under this Act, the particulars to be contained therein, the procedure for the grant of such registration. the circumstances in which registration may be refused and the form in which the certificate of registration may be given;

⁷⁰[(**aa**) the form and -the manner for furnishing declaration under sub-section (8) of section 8]

(b) The period of turnover, the manner in which the turnover in relation to the sale of any goods under this Act shall be determined, and the deductions which may be made 71 [under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of Section 8A] in the process of such determination;

(c) The rasps and circumstances in which. and the conditions subject to which. any registration granted under this Act may be cancelled;

⁶⁶ Clause (11 inserted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁶⁷ Section 10-A was inserted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁶⁸ Section 10-A was re-numbered as sub-section (I) and sub-section (2) was inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1969, with retrospective effect from 1.10.58.

⁶⁹ Subs. by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁷⁰ Inserted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f. 11-5-2002

⁷¹ Inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

 72 (d) The form in which and the particulars to be contained in any declaration or certificate to be given under this Act, 73 [the State of origin of such form or certificate and the time within which any such certificate or declaration shall be produced or furnished);

(e) The enumeration of goods or class of goods used in the manufacture or processing of goods for sale or in mining or in the generation or distribution of electricity or any other form of power;

(f) The matters in respect of which provision may be made under the proviso to 74 [sub-section (2)] of Section 9;

(g) The fees payable in respect of applications under this Act.

⁷⁵[(**h**) the proper functioning of the Authority constituted under suction 19;

- (i) The salaries and allowances payable to and the terms and conditions of service of the Chairman and Members under sub-section (3) of section 19;
- (j) Any other matters as may be prescribed.]

⁷⁶(2) Every rule made by the Central Government under sub-section (1) shall be laid,

as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect. as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

(3) The State Government may make rules, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act and the rules made under sub-section (1), to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(4) In particular and without prejudice to the powers conferred by sub-section (3), the State Government may make rules for all or any of the following purposes, namely:

(a) The publication of lists of registered dealers, of the amendments made in such lists from time to time, and the particulars to be contained in such lists;

 77 (**aa**) the manner in which security may be furnished under sub-section (2A) or sub-section (3A) or sub-section (3C) of Section 7 and the manner in which and the time within which any deficiency may be made up under sub-section (3E) of that Section;

(b) The form and manner in which accounts relating to sales in the course of inter-State trade or commerce shall be kept by registered dealers;

(c) The furnishing of any information relating to the stocks of goods of, purchases, sales and deliveries of goods by, any dealer or any other information relating to his business as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act;

(d) The inspection of any books. accounts or documents required to be kept under this Act, the entry into any premises at all reasonable times for the purposes of searching for any such books, accounts or documents kept or suspected to be kept in such premises and the seizure of such books, accounts or documents;

 78 (e) The authority from whom, the conditions subject to which and the fees subject to payment of which any form of certificate prescribed under clause (a) of the first proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 6 or of declaration prescribed under sub- section (i) of Section 6A or sub-section (4) of Section 8 may be obtained, the manner in which such forms shall be kept in custody and records relating thereto maintained and the manner in which any such form may be used and any such certificate or declaration maybe furnished;

⁷² Clause (d) substituted and clauses (e), (f) & (g) inserted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958 w.e.f. 1.10.58.

⁷³ Inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁷⁴ Subs. for the words 'sub-section (3)' by CST (Amendment) Act, 1969, w.e.f. 5.1.57.

⁷⁵ In clause (h), (i), (j) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 2001

⁷⁶ Sub-section (2) substituted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁷⁷ Clause (aa) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁷⁸ Clause (e) substituted and clause (ee) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73

- (ee) The form and manner in which, and the authority to whom, an appeal may be preferred under subsection (3H) of Section 7, the procedure to be followed in hearing such appeals and the fees payable in respect of such appeals;
- (f) In the case of an undivided Hindu family, association, club, society, firm or company or in the case of a person who carries on business as a guardian or trustee or otherwise on behalf of another person. the furnishing of a declaration stating the name of the person who shall be deemed to be the manager in relation to the business of the dealer in the State and the form in which such declaration may be given;
- (g) The time within which, the manner in which and ⁷⁹[the authorities to whom] any change in the ownership of any business or in ⁸⁰[the name, place or nature] of any business carried on by any dealer shall be furnished.

(5) In making any rule under this Section ⁸¹[the Central Government or, as the case may be, the State Government) may direct that a breach thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees and when the offence is a continuing offence, with a .daily fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues.

CHAPTER IV

Goods of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce

Sec. 14: Certain goods to, be of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce It is hereby declared that the following goods are of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce:

⁸²(i) Cereals, that is to say,-

- (i) Paddy (Oryza sativa L.);
- (ii) Rice (Oryza sativa L);
- (iii) Wheat (Trticum vulgare, T: compactum, T. sphaerococcum, T. durum, T. aestivum L, T. dicoccum);
- (iv) Jowar or milo (Sorghum vulgare Pers);
- (v) Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum L);
- (vi) Maize (Zea mays L);
- (vii) Ragi (Eleusine coracana Gaetn);
- (viii) Kodon (Paspalum scrobiculatum L);
- (ix) Kutki (Panicum miliare L);
- (x) Barley (Hordeum vulgare L);

(ia) coal including coke in all its forms, but excluding charcoal :

Provided that during the period commencing on the 23rd day of February, 1967, and ending with the date of commencement of Section 11 of the Central Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1972 (61 of 1972), this clause shall have effect subject to the modification that the words "but excluding charcoal" shall be omitted;

(ii) Cotton, that is to say, all kinds of cotton (indigenous or imported) in its un-manufactured state, whether ginned or unginned, baled, pressed or otherwise, but not including cotton waste;

⁸³(ii-a) cotton fabrics covered under heading Nos. 52.05, 52.06, 52.07, 52.08, 52.09, 52.10, 52.11, 52.12, 58.01; 58.02, 58.03, 58.04, 58.05, ⁸⁴[58.06], 59.01, 59.03, 59.05, 59.06 and 60.01 of the Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 (5 of 1986);

(ii-b) cotton yarn, but not including cotton yarn waste;

⁷⁹ Subs. for 'the authorities to which' by CST (Second Amendment), Act. 1958, w.e.f. 1.10.58

⁸⁰ Subs. for the words 'the nature' w.e.f. 1.10.58 by ibid.

⁸¹ Subs. for the 'State Government' by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁸² Original clause (i) renumbered as clause (i-a) and new clause (i) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

⁸³ Clause (ii-a) substituted by the Finance Act, 1988, w.e.f. 1.4.88.

⁸⁴ Inserted by Finance Act, 1989, w.e.f. 12.5.89.

 85 (ii-c) crude oil, that is to say, crude petroleum oils and crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals (such as shale. calcareous rock, sand) .whatever their composition, whether obtained from normal or condensation oil-deposits or by the destructive distillation of bituminous minerals and whether or not subjected to all or any of the following processes :

- (1) Decantation;
- (2) De-salting;
- (3) Dehydration;
- (4) Stabilisation in order to normalise the vapour pressure;
- (5) Elimination of very light fractions with a view to returning them to the oil- deposits in order to improve the drainage and maintain the pressure;
- (6) The addition of only those hydrocarbons, previously recovered by physical methods during the course of the above-mentioned processes;
- (7) Any other minor process (including addition of pour point depressants or flow improvers) which does not change the essential character of the substance;

⁸⁶(**ii-d**) Aviation turbine fuel sold to a Turbo-Prop Aircraft

Explanation -For the purposes of this clause, "Turbo-Prop Aircraft" means an aircraft deriving thrust, mainly from propeller, which may be driven by either turbine engine or piston engine.

(iii) Hides and skins, whether in a raw or dressed state;

⁸⁷(iv) iron and steel that is to say.-

- (i) ⁸⁸[pig iron, sponge iron and] cast iron including 89 [ingot moulds, bottom plates], iron scrap, cast iron scrap, runner scrap and iron skull scrap;
- (ii) Steel semis (ingots, slabs, blooms and billets of all qualities, shapes and sizes);
- (iii) skelp bars, tin bars, sheet bars, hoe-bars and sleeper bars;
- (iv) Steel bars (rounds. rods, squares. flats. octagons and hexagons. plain and ribbed or twisted, in coil form as well as straight lengths);
- (v) Steel structural (angles, joists. channels, tees, sheet piling Sections, Z Sections or any other rolled Sections);
- (vi) Sheets, hoops, strips and skelp, both black and galvanised, hot and cold rolled, plain and corrugated, in all qualities, in straight lengths and in coil form, as rolled and in rivet Ted condition;
- (vii) Plates both plain and chequered in all qualities;
- (viii) Discs, rings, forgings and steel castings;
- (ix) Tool, alloy and special steels of any of the above categories;
- (x) Steel melting scrap in all forms including steel skull, turnings and borings;
- (xi) Steel tubes, both welded and seamless, of all diameters and lengths, including tube fittings;
- (xii) Tin-plates, both hot dipped and electrolytic and tin-free plates;
- (xiii) fish plate bars, bearing plate bars, crossing sleeper bars, fish plates, bearing plates, crossing sleepers and pressed steel sleepers, rails-heavy and light crane rails;
- (xiv) Wheels, tyres, axles and wheel sets;
- (xv) Wire rods and wires-rolled, drawn, galvanised, aluminised, tinned or coated such as by copper;
- (xvi) Defectives, rejects, cuttings or end pieces of any of the above categories;

⁸⁵ Clause (ii-c) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

⁸⁶ Clause (ii-d) inserted by Finance Act, 2001.

⁸⁷ Clause (iv) substituted by CST (Amendment) 1972, w.e.f. 1.4.73.

⁸⁸ Subs. for the words 'pig iron and' by Finance Act, 2001.

⁸⁹ Subs. for 'ingot moulds bottom plates' by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1978 w.e.f 26.11.78.

 $^{90}(V)$ jute, that is to say. the fibre extracted from plants belonging to the species *Corchorus capsularies and Corchorus olitorius* and the fibre known as *mesta* or *bimli* extracted from plants of the species *Hibiscus cannabinus* and *Hibiscus subdariffa- varaltissima* and the fibre known as *Sunn* or *Sunn-hemp* extracted from plants of the species *Crotalariajuncea* whether baled or otherwise;

(vi) Oilseeds, that is to say.-

- (i) Groundnut or peanut (Arachis hypogaea);
- (ii) Sesamum or Til (Sesamum oriental);
- (iii) Cotton seed (Gossypium Spp.);
- (iv) Soyabean (*Glycine seja*);
- (v) Rapeseed and mustard
 - (1) Toria (Brassica campestris vartoria);
 - (2) Rai (Brassica Juncea);
 - (3) Jamba-taralllira (Eruca Satiya);
 - (4) Sarson, yellow and brown (Brassica campestris var sarson);
 - (5) Banarsi Rai or True Mustard (Brassica nigra);
- (vi) Linseed (*Linum usitatissimum*);
- (vii) Castor (Ricinus communis);
- (viii) Coconut (i.e. Copra excluding tender coconuts) (Cocos nucifera);
- (ix) Sunflower (Helianthus annus);
- (x) Nigar seed (Guizotia abyssinica);
- (xi) Neem. vepa (Azadirachta indica);

(xii) Mahua, Illupai, Ippe (Madhuca indica M. Latifolia, Bassia, Latifolia and Madhuca longifolia, Syn M Longifolia);

- (xiii) karanja, Pongam, Honga (Pongamia pinnata syn. P. Glabra);
- (xiv) kusum (Schleichera oleosa, syn, S. Trijuga);
- (xv) punna. Undi (Calophylluminophyllum);
- (xvi) Kokum (*Carcinia indica*);
- (xvii) sal (Shorea robusta);
- (xviii) tung (Aleurites fordil and A. montana);
- (xix) Red palm (Elaeis guinensis);
- (xx) Safflower (Carthanus tinctorius);1

⁹¹(VI-a) pulses, that is to say,-

- (i) Gram or gulab gram (Cicerarietinum L.);.
- (ii) tur or arhar (Cajanus cajan);
- (iii) Moong or green gram (PhaseoJus aureus);
- (iv) Masur or lentil (Lens escuJenta Moench. Lells cuJinaris Medic);
- (v) Urad or black gram (PhaseoJus mungo);
- (vi) Moth (phaseolus aconilifolius Jacq);
- (vii) Lakh or khesari (Lathyrus sativus L):

^{90.} Clause (V) & (VI) substituted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972. w.e.f. 1.4.73

⁹¹ Clause (VI-a) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act, 1976, w.e.f. 7.9.76.

 92 (vii) man-made fabrics covered under heading Nos. 54.08, 54.09, 54.10, 54.11, 54.12, 55.07, 55.08, 55.09, 55.10, 55.11, 55.12, 58.01, 58.02, 58.03, 58.04. 58.05, 93 [58.06], 59.01, 59.02, 59.03, 59.05, 59.06 and 60.01 of the Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 (5 of 1986);

(viii) Sugar covered under sub-heading Nos. 170 1.20, 170 1.31, 170 1.39 and 1702.11 of the Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff At, 1985 (5 of 1986);,

(ix) Non-manufactured tobacco and tobacco refuse covered under sub-heading No. 2401.00, cigars and cheroots of tobacco covered under heading No.2402, cigarettes and cigarillos of tobacco covered under sub-heading Nos. 2403.11 and 2403.21 and other manufactured tobacco covered under sub-heading Nos. 2404.11, 2404.12, 2404.13, 2404.19, 2404.21. 2404.29, 2404.31, 2404.39, 2404.41, ⁹⁴[2404.50 and 2404.60] of the Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 (5 of 1986);.

(x) woven fabrics of wool covered under heading Nos. 51.06, 51.07, 58.01, 58.02, 58.03 and 58.05 of the Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 (5 of 1986);

⁹⁵(xi) [Omitted w.e.f. 11.5.68]

⁹⁶Sec. 15: Restrictions and conditions in regard to tax on sale or purchase of declared goods within a State

Every sales tax law of a State shall, in so far as it imposes or authorises the imposition of a tax on the sale or purchase of declared goods, be subject to the following restrictions and conditions, namely: .

(a) The tax payable under that law in respect of any sale or purchase of such goods inside the State shall not exceed ⁹⁷[four per cent] of the sale or purchase price-thereof, ⁹⁸[------]

(b) where a tax has been levied under that law in respect of the sale or purchase inside the State of any declared goods and such goods are sold in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, ⁹⁹[and tax has been paid under this Act in respect of the sale of such goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, the tax levied under such law] ¹⁰⁰[shall be reimbursed to the person making such sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be provided in any law in force in that State;]

 $^{101}(c)$ where a tax has been levied under that law in respect of the sale or purchase inside the State of any paddy referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (i) of Section 14, the tax leviable on rice procured out of such paddy shall be reduced by the amount of tax levied on such paddy;

 102 (ca) where a tax on sale or purchase of paddy referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (i) of Section 14 is leviable under that law and the rice procured out of such paddy is exported out of India, then, for the purposes of sub-section (3) of Section 5, the paddy and rice shall be treated as a single commodity:

(d) Each of the pulses referred to in clause (VI a) of Section 14, whether whole or separated, and whether with or without husk, shall be treated as a single commodity for the purposes of levy of tax under that law.

⁹² Clause (vii), (viii), (ix) and (x) of substituted by the Finance Act, 1988, w.e.f. 1.4.88.

⁹³ Inserted by Finance Act, 1989, w.e.f. 12.5.89.

⁹⁴ Subs. for the words 'and 2404.50' by Finance Act, 1989, w.e.f. 12.5.89;

⁹⁵ Clause (xi), which was relating to silk fabrics omitted by Finance Act, 1968, w.e.f. 11.5.68.,

⁹⁶ Section 15 substituted by CST (Second Amendment) Act, 1958, w.e.f.l.10.58.

⁹⁷ Subs. for 'three per cent' by Finance Act, 1975, w.e.f. 1.7.75.

⁹⁸ Words ", and such tax shall not be levied at more than one stage" omitted by Finance Act 2002 w.e.f.11-5-2002.

⁹⁹ Subs. for 'the tax so levied' by CST (Amendment) Act, 1972, w.e.f. 1.10.58.

¹⁰⁰ Subs. For shall be refunded to such person, by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972 w.e.f 101 Clause (c) & (d) inserted by CST (Amendment) Act 1976. w.e.f. 7.9.76

¹⁰² Clause (ca) inserted by Finance (No.2) Act. 1996. w.e.f. 28.9.96.

¹⁰³CHAPTER V

Liability in special cases

Sec. 16: Definitions

In this Chapter -

(a) Appropriate authority, in relation to a company, means the authority competent to assess tax on the company;

(b) Company and Private company have the meanings respectively assigned to them by clauses (i) and (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956).

Sec. 17: Company in liquidation

(1) Every person -

(a) Who is the liquidator of any company which is being wound up, whether under the orders of a court or otherwise; or

(b) Who has been appointed the receiver of any assets of a company, (hereinafter referred to as the liquidator) shall. within thirty days after he has become such liquidator. give notice of his appointment as such to the appropriate authority.

(2) The appropriate authority shall, after making such inquiry or calling for such information as it may deem fit, notify to the liquidator within three months from the date on which he receives notice of the appointment of the liquidator the amount which, in the opinion of the appropriate authority would be sufficient to provide for any tax which is then, or is likely thereafter to become, payable by the company.

(3) The liquidator shall not part with any of the assets of the company or the properties in his hands until he has been notified by the appropriate authority under sub-section (2) and on being so notified, shall set aside an amount equal to the amount notified and. until he so sets aside such amount, shall not part with any of the assets of the company or the properties in his hands:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall debar the liquidator from parting with such assets or properties in compliance with any order of a court or for the purpose of the payment of the tax payable by the company under this Act or for making any payment to secured creditors whose debts are entitled under law to priority of payment over debts due to Government on the date of liquidation or for meeting such costs and expenses of the winding up of the company as are in the opinion of the appropriate authority reasonable.

(4) If the liquidator fails to give the notice in accordance with sub-section (1) or fails to set aside the amount as required by, or parts with any of the assets of the company or the properties in his hands in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (3), he shall be personally liable for the payment of the tax which the company would be liable to pay:

Provided that if the amount of any tax payable by the company is notified under sub- section (2), the personal liability of the liquidator under this sub-section shall be to the extent of such amount.

(5) Where there are more liquidators than one, the obligations and liabilities attached to the liquidator under this Section shall attach to all the liquidators jointly and severally.

(6) The provisions of this Section shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force.

Sec. 18: Liability of directors of private company in liquidation

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956), when any private company is wound up after the commencement of this Act, and any tax assessed on the company under this Act for any period, whether before or in the course of or after its liquidation, cannot be recovered, then, every person who was a director of the private company at any time during the period for which the tax is due shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment of such tax unless he proves that the non-recovery cannot be attributed to any gross neglect, misfeasance or breach of duty on his part in relation to the affairs of the company.

¹⁰³ Chapter -V inserted by CST (Amendment) Act. 1972. w.e.f. 1.4-73.

¹⁰⁴[CHAPTER VI

Authority to settle disputes in course of inter-State trade or commerce

Sec. 19: Central Sales Tax Appellate Authority

(1) The Central Government shall constitute, by notification in the Official Gazette, an authority to settle inter-State disputes falling under section 6-A or Section 9 of this Act, to be known as "the Central Sales Tax Appellate Authority" (hereinafter referred to as the Authority).

(2) The Authority shall consist of the following Members appointed by the Central Government. namely:

(a) A Chairman, who is retired Judge of the Supreme Court, or a retired Chief Justice of a High Court;

(b) An officer of the Indian Legal Service who is, or is qualified to be, an Additional Secretary to the Government of India; and

(c) An officer of a State Government not below the rank of Secretary or an officer of the Central Government not below the rank of Additional Secretary .who is an expert ill sales tax matters. .

(3) The salaries and allowances payable to, and the terms and conditions of service of, the Chairman and Members shall be such as may be prescribed.

(4) The Central Government shall provide the Authority with such officers and staff as may be necessary for the efficient exercise of the powers of the Authority under this Act.

Sec. 20: Appeals

(1) The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to appeals filed by the aggrieved dealer against any order of the assessing authority made under Section 6-A or [section 9 of this Act, which relates to any dispute concerning the sale of goods effected in the course of inter-state trade or commerce].

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the general sales tax laws, the Authority shall adjudicate an appeal filed by a dealer 106[under sub-section (1) within forty five days from the date on which order referred to in that sub-section is served on him:

Provided that the Authority may entertain any appeal after the expiry of the said period of forty five days, but not later than sixty days from the date of such service, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time]

¹⁰⁷(**3**) Omitted w.e.f. 14.05.2003 by Finance Act, 2003.

(4) The application shall be made in quadruplicate and be accompanied by a fee of five thousand rupees.

Sec. 21: Procedure on receipt of application

(1) On receipt of an appeal, the Authority shall cause copy thereof to be forwarded to the 108 [assessing authority concerned as well as to each State Government concerned with the appeal and to call upon them to furnish the relevant records:

Provided that such records shall, as soon as possible, be returned to the assessing authority or such State Government concerned, as the case may be]

- (2) The Authority shall adjudicate and decide upon the appeal filed against an order of the assessing authority.
- (3) The Authority after examining the appeal and the records called for, by order, either allow or reject the appeal:

106 Substituted by Finance Act, 2003 w.e.f. 14.05.2003, Prior to substitution, it read as under: - .aggrieved against any order of the assessing authority rejecting his claim under Section 6-A or Section 9 of this Act'

¹⁰⁴ Chapter VI and sections 19 to 26 inserted by CST (Amendment) Act 2001

¹⁰⁵ Substituted for the words and figures 'section 9 of this Act' by Finance Act, 2003 w.e,f, 14.05.2003.

¹⁰⁷ Omitted w.e.f. 14.05.2003 by Finance Act, 2003. Prior to omission, it read as under: -

^{&#}x27;(3) An appeal against the order of the assessing authority rejecting the claim of the dealer under Section 6-A or Section 9 of this Act may be filed by the aggrieved dealer within forty- five days from the date on which the order is served on him : provided that the authority may entertain any appeal after expiry of the said period of forty-five days, not later than sixty days, from the date aforesaid if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

¹⁰⁸ Substituted by Finance Act, 2003 w.e.f. 14.05.2003, Prior to substitution, it read as under: - 'assessing authority concerned and to call upon it to furnish the relevant records: Provided that such records shall, as soon as possible, be returned to the assessing authority.'

¹⁰⁹[provided that no appeal shall be rejected unless an opportunity has been given to the appellant of being heard in person or through a duly authorised representative. and also to the State Government concerned with the appeal being heard.]

Provided further that whether an appeal is rejected or accepted, reasons for such rejection of acceptance shall be given in the order.

(4) The Authority shall make an endeavour to pronounce its order in writing within six months of the receipt of the appeal;

(5) A copy of every order made under sub-section (3) shall be sent to the appellant and to the assessing authority.

Sec. 22: Power of the Authority

(1) The Authority shall have the same powers as are vested in a court under the Code of Civil Procedure. 1908, while trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:

- (a) Enforcing the attendance of any person, examining him on oath or affirmation;
- (b) Compelling the production of accounts and documents;
- (c) Issuing commission for the examination of witnesses;
- (d) The reception of evidence on affidavits;
- (e) Any other matter which may be prescribed.

(2) Every proceeding before the Authority shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of Sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code and the Authority shall be deemed to be a civil court for the purposes of Section 195 and chapter XXVI of the code of Criminal Procedure. 1973.

Sec. 23: Procedure of Authority

The Authority shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, have power to regulate its own procedure ¹¹⁰[in all matters. including stay of recovery of any demand] arising out of the exercise of power under this Act.

Sec. 24: Authority for advance rulings to function as Authority under this Act

(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force and in Section 19 of this Act, the Authority for Advance Rulings constituted under Section 245-O of the Income Tax Act. 1961 shall be notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette. with such modifications as may be necessary, to make its composition in conformity with Section 19 of this Act, as the Authority under this Act till such time an Authority is constituted under that Section.

(2) On and from the date of the constitution of the Authority in accordance with the provisions of Section 19 of this Act, the proceedings pending with the Authority for Advance Ruling shall stand transferred to the Authority constituted under that Section from the stage at which such proceedings stood before the date of constitution of the said Authority.

Sec. 25: Transfer of pending proceedings

On and from the date when the Authority is constituted under section 19, every appeal arising out of the provisions contained in this chapter.-

(i) which is pending immediately before the constitution of such Authority before the appeal authority constituted under the General Sales Tax Law of a State or of the Union Territory, as the case may be; or

(ii) Which would have been required to be taken before such appellate authority, shall stand transferred to such authority on the date on which it is established.

Sec. 26: Applicability of order passed

An order by the authority under this Chapter shall be binding on the assessing authorities and other authorities created by or under any law relating to general sales tax, in force for the time being in any State or Union territory.]

¹⁰⁹ Substituted by Finance Act, 2003 w.e.f. 14.05.2003. Prior to substitution, it read as under:- 'Provided that no appeal shall be rejected unless an opportunity has been given to the appellant of being heard in person or through a duly authorised representative: ,

¹¹⁰ Substituted for the words 'in all matters' by Finance Act, 2003 w.e.f. 14.05.2003

Annexure II

List of Circle Officers

SNO	Circle	Email ID	Phone No.
1	Adityapur	adityapur@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0657- 2430643
2	Bokaro	bokaro@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06542- 242483
3	Chaibasa	chaibasa@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06582- 256772
4	Chirkunda	chirkunda@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06540- 276461
5	Deodhar	deoghar@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06432- 232380
6	Dhanbad	dhanbad@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	032-2312375
7	Dhanbad Division	dhanbaddivision@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0326- 2311375
8	Dumka	dumka@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06434- 222232
9	Giridih	giridih@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06532- 222012
10	Godda	godda@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06422- 222075
11	Gumla	gumla@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06524- 223052
12	Hazaribagh	hazaribagh@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06546- 222106
13	Hazaribagh Division	hazaribaghdivision@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06546- 222397
14	Jamshedpur	jamshedpur@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0657- 2424182
15	Jamshedpur Division	jamshedpurdivision@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0657- 2427046
16	Jharia	jharia@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0326- 2311467
17	Katras	katras@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0326- 2372302
18	Koderma	koderma@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06534- 222224

19	Lohardaga	lohardaga@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06526- 224009
20	Pakur	pakur@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06535- 220751
21	Palamu	palamu@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06562- 223708
22	Ramgarh	ramgarh@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06553- 230706
23	Ranchi Division	ranchidivision@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0651- 2203905
24	East Circle, Ranchi	ranchieast@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0651- 2203553
25	South Circle, Ranchi	ranchisouth@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0651- 2203559
26	Special Circle, Ranchi	ranchispecial@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0651- 2203686
28	West Circle, Ranchi	ranchiwest@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0651- 2313359
29	Sahebganj	sahebganj@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06436- 222837
30	Singhbhum	singhbhum@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0657- 2428846
31	Santhal Pargana Division	sparganadivision@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06434- 226837
32	Tenughat	tenughat@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	06549- 220986
33	Urban Circle, Dhanbad	urbandhanbad@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0326- 2312373
34	Urban Circle, Jamshedpur	urbanjamshedpur@jharkhandcomtax.gov.in	0657- 2439223